# JCFS CHICAGO

## A disappearing victim: The Account of Amnon and Tamar

Source Sheet by David Rosenberg

#### II Samuel 13

שמואל ב י״ג

(1) This happened sometime afterward: **Absalom** son of **David** had a beautiful sister named **Tamar**, and **Amnon** son of David became infatuated with her. (2) Amnon was so distraught because of his [half-Isister Tamar that he became sick; for she was a virgin, and it seemed impossible to Amnon to do anything to her. (3) Amnon had a friend named **Jonadab**. the son of David's brother Shimah; Jonadab was a very clever man. (4) He asked him, "Why are you so dejected, O prince, morning after morning? Tell me!" Amnon replied, "I am in love with Tamar, the sister of my brother Absalom!" (5) Jonadab said to him, "Lie down in your bed and pretend you are sick. When your father comes to see you, say to him, 'Let my sister Tamar come and give me something to eat. Let her

ָרי־כֵּן וּלְאַבְשָׁלְוֹם בֶּן־ (א) וַיִּהָי אֲחֲרֵי־כֵּן וּלְאַבְשָׁלְוֹם בֶּן־ דְוֶד אָחְוֹת יָפָה וּשְׁמֶהּ תָּמֶר וַיֶּאֱהָבֶּהָ אַמְנוֹן בֶּן־דָּוָד: (ב) ווֹּצֶר  $rac{1}{2}$ ָלְאַמְנֹוֹן לְהָתְחַלּוֹת בַּעֲבוּר ֹתָּמֶר אֲחֹתֹוֹ כָּי בְתוּלָה הֻיא וַיִּפָּלֵאֹ בִּעִינֵי אַמְנֹון לַעֲשָׂוֹת לָהַ מִאְוּמָה: (ג) ּוּלְאַמְנִוֹן בָּעַ וּשָׁמוֹ יִוֹנָדֶב בֵּן־ שִׁמְעָה אֲחֵי דָוֶד וְיוֹנָדָב אֵישׁ חָכָם מְאָד: (ד) וַיִּאמֶר לוֹ מַדּוּעַ אַּתָּה בֶּכָה דַּל בֵּן־הַמֵּלֵךְ בַּבְּקֵר בַּבּקֵר הֲלָוֹא תַּגְּיד לֵי וְיּאֹמֶר לוֹ אַמְנֹוֹן אָת־תַּמָּר אָחֵוֹת אַבִשָּׁלִם אָחִי אַנִי אֹהֶב: (ה) וַיּאֹמֵר לוֹ יִהְוֹנָדָּב שִׁכַב עַל־מִשָּׁכָּבָךְ וְהָתָחֶל וּבֵא אָבֵיךְ ָלְרְאוֹתֶּׁךְ וְאָמַרְתָּ אֵלָיו תָּבאׁ נָא ָתָמָר אֲחוֹתִׁי וְתַבְרֵנִי לֶּחֶם וְעָשְׁתָה לְעֵינַיֹּ אֶת־הַבָּרְיָָה לְמַּעַן אֲשֵׁר אַרְאֶה וְאָכַלְתִּי מִיָּדֶה: (ו) וַיִּשְׁכַּב אַמְנָוֹן וַיִּתְחֶל וַיָּבֹא הַמֶּׁלֶךְ לְרְאֹתׁוֹ וַיּאמֶר אַמְנָוֹן אֶל־הַמֶּלֶרְ ֹתָבוֹא־נָّא ֿתָמֶר אַחֹתִּי וּתִלַבֵּב לְעֵינַ<sup>י</sup> שָׁתֵּי prepare the food in front of me, so that I may look on, and let her serve it to me." (6) Amnon lay down and pretended to be sick. The king came to see him, and Amnon said to the king, "Let my sister Tamar come and prepare a couple of cakes in front of me, and let her bring them to me." (7) David sent a message to Tamar in the palace, "Please go to the house of your brother Amnon and prepare some food for him." (8) Tamar went to the house of her brother Amnon, who was in bed. She took dough and kneaded it into cakes in front of him, and cooked the cakes. (9) She took the pan and set out [the cakes], but Amnon refused to eat and ordered everyone to withdraw. After everyone had withdrawn, (10) Amnon said to Tamar, "Bring the food inside and feed me." Tamar took the cakes she had made and brought them to her brother inside. (11) But when she served them to him, he caught hold of her and said to her, "Come lie with me, sister." (12) But she said to him, "Don't, brother. Don't force me. Such things are not done in Israel! Don't do such a vile thing! (13) Where will I carry my shame? And you, you will be like any of the scoundrels

לְבָבֹוֹת וְאֶבְרֶה מְיָּדֶה: (ז) וַיִּשָּׁלַח דָוֵד אֵל־תָּמֶר הַבַּיִתָה לֵאמָר לְכֵי ָנָא בֶּית אַמְנוֹן אָחִיךְ וַעֲשִּׂי־לְוֹ הַבַּרְיָה: (ח) וַתֵּלֵךְ תָּמָּר בֵּית אַמְנוֹן אַחִיהַ וְהוּא שׁכֵב וַתִּלֶּח אֶת־הַבָּצֵק ותלוש [וַתָּלְשׁ] וַתִּלְבֵּב ָלְעֵינָּיו וַתִּבַשֵּׁל אֱת־הַלְּבְבִוֹת: (ט) וַתִּקָּח אֶת־הַמַּשְׂרֵת ׁ וַתִּצְׂק לְפָּנָיו וַיִּמְאַן לֵאֱכָוֹל וַיּאֹמֵר אַמְנוֹן הוֹצֵיאוּ ֶּכֶל־אִישׁ מֶעָלֵּי וַיֵּצָאָוּ כָל־אִישׁ מעַלָּיו: (י) וַ<sup>יּ</sup>אֹמֶר אַמְנוֹן אֵל־תָּמָֹר ָהָבֶיאִי הַבָּרְיָהֹ הַחֶּדֶר וְאֶבְרֶה ַמִּיָדֶךְ וַתִּקָּח תָּמָּר אֵת־הַלְּבִבוֹת אַשֵּׁר עַשָּׁתָה וַתָּבֵא לְאַמְנוֹן אָחִיהָ ֹהֶחֶדְרָה: (יא) וַתַּגֵּשׁ אֶלָיו לֵאֱכָּל וַיַּחֵזֵק־בָּהֹּ וָיּאֹמֵר לָהּ בָּוֹאִי שָׁכִבֵי עָמָּי אֲחוֹתָי: (יב) וַתְּאֹמֶר לוֹ אַל־ ָאָחִי אַל־תִּעַבַּׂנִי כֵּי לא־יֵעָשֵה כֵן בִּיִשְׂרָאֵל אַל־תַּעֲשֵׂה אֶת־הַנְּבָלֶה ֿהַדְּאֹת: (יג) וַאֲנָי אָנָה אוֹלִיךְ אֶת־ ֹחֵרְפָּתִּׁי וְאַתָּׁה תִּהְיֵה כָּאַחֲד הַנָּבָלָים בִּיִשְׂרָאֻל וְעַתָּהֹ דַּבֶּר־נָא :אֶל־הַמֶּּלֶךְ כֵּי לָא יִמְנָעֻנִי מִמֶּךְ יד) וִלְא אָבָה לִשְׁמְעַ בִּקוֹלֶהְי וַיֶּחֶזַק מִמֶּנָה וַיִּעַבֶּה וַיִּשְׁכַּב אֹתָהּ: (טו) וַיִּשְׂנָאֶהָ אַמְנוֹן שִּׂנְאָהֹ גִּדוֹלֶה ַמְאֹד כֵּי גִדוֹלָה הַשָּׁנָאָה אֲשֵׁר שָׁנֵאָה מָאַהַבָה אֲשֵׁר אַהֶּבָהּ וַיּאֹמֶר־לֶהּ אַמְנְוֹן קוּמִי לֵכִי: (טז) וַתָּאמֵר לוֹ אַל־אוֹדٌת הַרָעֵה ֿהַגָּדוֹלָהֹ הַזֹּאת מֶאַחֱרֵת אֲשֶׁר־

in Israel! Please, speak to the king; he will not refuse me to you." (14) But he would not listen to her; he overpowered her and lay with her by force. (15) Then Amnon felt a very great loathing for her; indeed, his loathing for her was greater than the passion he had felt for her. And Amnon said to her. "Get out!" (16) She pleaded with him, "Please don't commit this wrong; to send me away would be even worse than the first wrong you committed against me." But he would not listen to her. (17) He summoned his young attendant and said, "Get that woman out of my presence, and bar the door behind her."— (18) She was wearing an ornamented tunic, for maiden princesses were customarily dressed in such garments.—His attendant took her outside and barred the door after her. (19) Tamar put dust on her head and rent the ornamented tunic she was wearing; she put her hands on her head, and walked away, screaming loudly as she went. (20) Her brother Absalom said to her, "Was it your brother Amnon who did this to you? For the present, sister, keep quiet about it; he is your brother. Don't brood over the matter." And Tamar

עשֵיתַ עִמִּי לִשַּלְּחֵנִי וִלְאׁ אָבָה ֹלְשָׁמְעַ לֶה: (יז) וַיִּקְרָא אֱת־נַעֲרוֹ ַמְשֶׁרְתֹוֹ וַיֹּאמֵר שִׁלְחוּ־נֵא אֶת־ ָזאת מֶעָלַי הַחֲוּצָה וּנְעְל הַדֵּלֵת אַחֲרֵיהָ: (יח) וְעַלֵּיהָּ כִּתְּנֵת פַּסִּים הַבָּתוּלְת מְעִילֵים וַיֹּצֵא אוֹתָה מְשֶׁרְתוֹ הַחוֹץ וְנָעֵל הַדֵּלֵת ֹאַחֲרֶיהָ: (יט) וַתִּלַּח תָּמֶר אֵפֵר עַל־ראשָׁהּ וּכָתְנֵת הַפַּסֵים אֱשֵׁר עַלֵיָהָ קָרֶעָה וַתָּשֵׂם יָדָהּ עַל־ ראשָׁהּ וַתַּלֶּךְ הָלְוֹךְ וְזָעֲקָה: (כ) ֿוַיּאמֶר אֵלֵיהָ אַבִשָּׁלְוֹם אָחִיהָ ָהַאֲמִינִוֹן אָחִיךְ ٛהָיֶה עִמָּךְ וְעַתָּּ ָאַחוֹתֵי הַחֲרִישִׁי אָחֵיךְ הוּא אַל־ תָּשֶׁיתִי אֶת־לְבֵּךְ לַדְּבֶּר הַזֵּה וַתַּשֶׁב תָּמָר וְשְׁמֵמָה בֵּית אַבִשָּׁלְוֹם אָחֶיהָ: (כא) וָהַמֵּלֵךְ דָּוִֹד שָׁמַע אֶת כָּל־הַדְּבָרֵים הָאֻלֶּה וַיַּחַר לִּוֹ מָאָד: (כב) וִלְא־דְבֵּבר אַבְשָׁלָוֹם עִם־אַמְנָוֹן לְמֵרָע וְעַד־ ָטוֹב כֵּי־שָׁנֵא אַבְשָׁלוֹם אֵת־אַמְנוֹן ֿעַל־דָּבַר אֲשֵׁר עִנָּה אֵת תָּמֶר אַחֹתְוֹ: ־אַמְנְוֹן כֵּי־מֵת: (ס)

remained in her brother Absalom's house, forlorn. (21) When King David heard about all this, he was

greatly upset. (22) Absalom didn't utter a word to Amnon, good or bad; but Absalom hated Amnon because he had violated his sister Tamar.

### Pirkei Avot 5:16

All love that depends on a something, [when the] thing ceases, [the] love ceases; and [all love] that does not depend on anything, will never cease. What is an example of love that depended on a something? Such was the love of Amnon for Tamar. And what is an example of love that did not depend on anything? Such was the love of David and Jonathan.

### Mishneh Torah, Forbidden Intercourse 22:3

When the matter of Amnon and Tamar transpired, (King) David and his court decreed concerning isolation (yichud) with an unmarried woman. Even if she is not one who is considered forbidden (to a particular man), she is included

### משנה אבות ה׳:ט״ז

כָּל אַהֶבָה שֶׁהִיא תְלוּיָה בְדָבָר, בָּטֵל דָּבָר, בְּטֵלָה אַהֲבָה. וְשֶׁאֵינָהּ תְּלוּיָה בְדָבָר, אֵינָהּ בְּטֵלָה לְעוֹלָם. אֵיזוֹ הִיא אַהֲבָה הַתְּלוּיָה בְדָבָר, זוֹ אַהֲבַת אַמְנוֹן וְתָמָר. וְשֶׁאֵינָהּ תְּלוּיָה בְדָבָר, זוֹ אַהֲבַת דָּוִד וִיהוֹנָתָן:

### משנה תורה ,הלכות איסורי ביאה כ״ב:ג׳

כְּשֶׁאֵרַע מַעֲשֶׂה אַמְנוֹן וְתָמָר גָּזַר דָּוִד וּבֵית דִּינוֹ עַל יִחוּד פְּנוּיָה. וְאַף עַל פִּי שֶׁאֵינָהּ עֶרְוָה בִּכְלַל יִחוּד עֲרָיוֹת הִיא. ... in the category of isolation with forbidden women.

### Questions for reflection

What roles do the different characters in this passage play? What conditions must be met before it becomes possible for Amnon to rape Tamar?

Which values are violated in this passage?

How do the characters in this passage react to the rape of Tamar?

What becomes of Tamar?

How does the Jewish tradition react to the rape of Tamar? What are some enduring takeaways from this story?

Source Sheet created on Sefaria by David Rosenberg